

Introduction to the workshop

Consortium meeting, Nottingham 30.11.2017

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Agenda for workshop with stakeholders



Part 1

09:00-09:30 Welcome and introduction to MinFuture (plenum)

09:30-10:45 4 dimensions and needs for refining (plenum)

- 4 dimensions current status and limitations: example Al
- Dimension "international trade": example Al
- Reporting and information flows: example Norway
- Initial design principles for placing data into system context

10:45-11:00 Break

11:00-12:00 Case studies for design principles (parallel workshop)

- Cobalt
- Construction minerals

12:00-12:30 Discussion of case studies (plenum)

12:30-13:30 Group photo, lunch, and BGS Geological Walk

Agenda for workshop with stakeholders



Part 2

- 12:30-14:15 Implementation of 4D refining (plenum) benefits, options, barriers, cases & illustrations
- 14:15-14:30 Introduction to WP3
- 14:30-15:30 MFA and indicators workshop (i)
 - EC Circular Economy indicators (Lie Heymans, DG Grow)
 - Phosphorus case study (Helmut Rechberger, TU Wien)
 - Discussion
- 15:30-15:45 Break
- 15:45-17:30 MFA and indicators workshop (ii)
 - MFA indicators (Gara Villalba, UAB)
 - Practical session on MFA indicators
 - Discussion

17:30-17:45 Wrap up

Challenges and objectives



Challenges

- 1. Lack of robust **maps** and **forecasting tools** of the physical economy hamper effective strategy development
- 2. Governments tend to monitor isolated flows, not systems → fragmented information
- 3. Complexity of system



World map from 1565

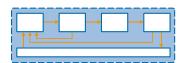
Objectives

- 1. Develop a proof of concept for a "Google Maps" of the global physical economy in 4 dimensions (stages, international trade, layers, time)
- 2. Involve governments and industry in the development and implementation of a common methodology
- 3. Test the feasibility and usefulness of this methodology and identify relevant barriers



4 dimensions





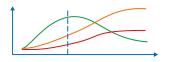
1. Stages
Integrate primary and secondary resources



2. Trade
Integrate international trade with production and consumption for analyzing global supply chains



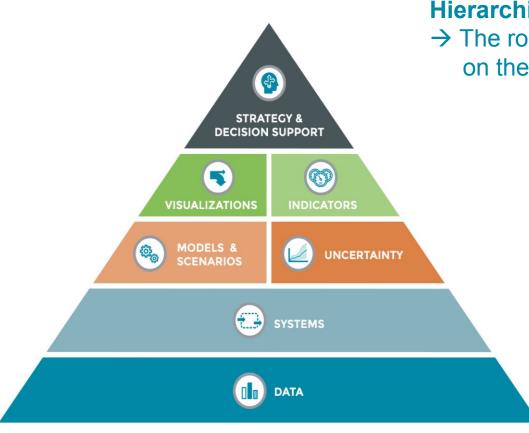
3. Layers (linkages of materials, energy, value)
Capture linkages of metals at all stages



4. TimeHistorical development and future scenarios

Conceptual framework of MinFuture





Hierarchical structure of MFA components

→ The robustness of every layer depends on the robustness of the layers below

Demonstrate how this concept can be applied to:

- Material cycles
- Uncertainty analysis
- Model and scenario development
- Indicators
- Visualization
- Strategy and decision support

Hierarchy of MFA components

Motivation and purpose of this workshop



Problem:

Fragmentation of information by material, stage in supply chain, and country → different "languages" between different professionals

Solution:

Develop a common language that allows for a **translation** between these languages

→ Bring together MFA specialists and experts in key areas

